

# A Critical Edition of the Nalāṭa Dhātuvaṃsa: Chapter III

S. Vijitha Kumara, PhD in Pali (USJP)<sup>1</sup>

## บทคัดย่อ

คัมภีร์นลภรตุวงศ์ (Nalāṭa Dhātuvaṃsa หรือตัวย่อ NDV) เป็นคัมภีร์ภาษาบาลีที่ประพันธ์ขึ้นในศรีลังกา คัมภีร์นี้บรรณนาประวัติศาสตร์ของพระนลภรตุของพระพุทธเจ้า และการนำมาประดิษฐ์ฐาน ณ เมืองเซ鲁 (Seru City) โดยพระมหากัจตริยนามว่าพระเจ้าภารணนาทิสสะ (King Kākavaṇatissa) เมื่อคริสตศตวรรษที่หนึ่ง มีความชัดเจนว่าคัมภีร์นี้ มีความสัมพันธ์ใกล้ชิดกับโครงสร้างของคัมภีร์สูปวงศ์ (Thūpavaṃsa) ซึ่งบันทึกประวัติของเจดีย์รัตนามาลี อย่างไรก็ตาม นักวิชาการสิงหลတ่างมีความไม่เห็นพ้องเกี่ยวกับช่วงเวลาที่แน่นชัดของคัมภีร์ทั้งสอง จึงเป็นเรื่องยากที่จะสรุปว่าคัมภีร์ฉบับใดเก่าแก่กว่ากัน แต่ไม่ว่าจะอย่างไรคัมภีร์นลภรตุวงศ์ก็มีเชื่อเสียงมากกว่าในฐานะบันทึกทางประวัติศาสตร์และมีลักษณะทางภาษาและวรรณกรรมของบาลีปกรณ์ การที่นักวิชาการบาลีสมัยใหม่ไม่ให้ความสนใจคัมภีร์นี้อย่างเพียงพอ ได้นำไปสู่ความเสื่อมความนิยมในบรรดาผู้ที่เริ่มเรียนบาลี ยิ่งไปกว่านั้น นอกจากคัมภีร์ที่แปลเป็นภาษาสิงหลสองฉบับ รวมถึงฉบับภาษาอังกฤษที่เป็นการถ่ายตัวอักษรอีกหนึ่งฉบับ วงวิชาการยังขาดฉบับภาษาอังกฤษที่ผ่านการชำระ จึงอาจจะทำให้นักวิชาการไม่เลือกที่จะศึกษาคัมภีร์เรื่องนี้เด็ด ด้วยเหตุนี้ ผู้วิจัยจึงเติมเต็มช่องว่างนี้และชำระคัมภีร์จากเจริญใบลาน โดยพิจารณาร่วมกับฉบับภาษาสิงหลและฉบับถ่ายตัวอักษรที่เป็นภาษาอังกฤษ บทความวิจัยนี้เป็นการนำเสนอบทที่ ๓ ของคัมภีร์นลภรตุวงศ์ ซึ่งบันทึกประวัติศาสตร์ของการนำมาซึ่งพระบรมสารีริกธาตุของพระพุทธเจ้าและการสืบทอด

**คำสำคัญ:** คัมภีร์นลภรตุวงศ์, พระเจ้าภารணนาทิสสะ, พระนลภรตุ

<sup>1</sup> International PhD Programme in Buddhist Studies, Department of Humanities, Faculty of Social Sciences and Humanities, Mahidol University; E-mail: vijitasj@gmail.com



## Abstract

The Nalāta Dhātuvam̄sa (NDV) is a Pali chronicle composed in Ceylon that describes the history of the sacred frontal relic of the Buddha and its enshrining at the Seru city by King Kākavannatissa in the 1<sup>st</sup> century BCE. Apparently, its structure has a close relationship with that of the Thūpavam̄sa, which records the history of the Pagoda Ratnamālī. However, Sinhalese scholars have disagreements about exact dates of these two texts. Consequently, it is difficult to conclude which one was composed before. Nevertheless, the NDV earns higher reputation as a historical record, and it contains literary and language features of Pali Prakarana. Especially, modern Pali scholars' insufficient attention for this text has led to a decrease in its popularity among beginners. In addition, apart from two Sinhalese editions and an English transliterated work, no reliable English edition of this text exists, discourages researchers from studying the NDV. Therefore, the researcher attempts to fill the academic gap by offering an English edition of the NDV palm leaf manuscript. The Two Sinhalese printed editions and one English transliterated work were taken into consideration during the process. This paper presents the third chapter of the NDV, which records the history of delivering sacred relics of the Buddha and their lineages.

**Keywords:** Nalāta Dhātuvam̄sa, King Kākavannatissa, frontal relic



## The lineage of the sacred frontal bone relic

### The summary of the chapter III of the NDV

Initially, the frontal bone relic was obtained by the Mallas and after Arahant Mahākassapa disclosed that the Buddha had already predicted to enshrine his frontal bone relic in Ceylon, the Mallas hastened to relinquish without any hesitation. Elder Mahānanda, a student of Arahant Mahākassapa, was given the frontal bone relic at the passing away of Arahant Mahākassapa himself. In the same manner, elder Mahānanda handed over the relic to elder Candagutta. He, after receiving the relic, brought it to Sāvatthi, kept in the sleeping room of the Buddha and respected with great offerings. Elder Candagutta also, at his final breath, summoned his student elder Bhaddasena and entrusted the relic. Elder Bhaddasena brought the relic to Isipatana, where the Buddha delivered his first Dhamma sermon and respected having kept it in the sleeping room of the Buddha. At his passing away, he handed over the relic to his student elder Jayasena. He, having received the relic, brought it to the bamboo grove, kept in the sleeping room of the Buddha and respected. Elder Mahāsaṅgharakkhita, a student of the elder Jayasena, was given the relic by his teacher and brought it to

the Monastery built by the millionaire Ghosita. There, he respected the relic having kept it in the sleeping room of the Buddha. At his passing away, he summoned his student elder Mahādeva and entrusted the relic to him. Elder Mahādeva, who handed down the sacred frontal relic from the elder Mahāsaṅgharakkhita, brought it to Kukkuṭa rock at Hattotṭha region, in the city Mahāgāma once the king Mahānāga, the brother of King Devānampiyatissa, was ruling the southern country Ceylon. Initially, the devotee Mahākāla, who was the leader of the village of Hattotṭha, attended the relic with various offerings. During the time, the relic exhibited many miraculous powers it belonged. Later, the news about the relic received by the King Mahānāga and he brought peacefully both the relic and elder Mahādeva to the city Mahāgāma with enormous religious ceremonies. He kept the sacred frontal bone relic in a casket and protected it having built a shrine house, which was not so far from his palace and not so close. The king Mahānāga spent time happily due to receiving the sacred frontal relic and, later, he built a few Buddhist monasteries in southern country; *Lenavihāra*, *candagirivihāra*, *koti pabbatavihāra*, *taraṅgavihāra*, *selakā vihāra*, *talākā vihāra*. The King at his death, advised his son, Yaṭālatissa, to protect and pay respect by great



offerings to the sacred frontal bone relic. The King Yaṭalatissa also practiced as how his father advised and built a few Buddhist monasteries too. He also instructed his son Goṭābhaya, to continue the offerings and respects to the relic as the forefathers done. However, the king Goṭābhaya had to fight with ten brothers (not his own) in his ruling time. Also, he built a few Buddhist monasteries too.

### A brief critical note

The third chapter of the NDV, among five, discusses the succession of the sacred frontal bone relic. As the key duty of the chronicle, the NDV comes out the clear, but, unbroken history of its subject. Hence, the NDV accommodates the third chapter to describe the arrival of the sacred frontal bone relic to Mahāgāma, an ancient city in the southern Ceylon, the author looks over and presents the historical link of the relic from the time of distributing the sacred relics of the Buddha by Brahmin Droṇa after the cremation of the pile of the Buddha.

The chapter contains both prose and verse style writing. Nevertheless, the verses come in this chapter, describe the facts that already discussed in the prose paragraphs. Accordingly, the “writing” could be known as the “ākhyāna.” In the section that describes the miraculous incidents took place after the arrival of the relic at Mahāgāma and the religious

ceremonies organized by the palace, the author uses rhetoric way than composing a historical record. So, the third chapter also holds both historical value as well as rhetoric like other four chapters of the NDV.

In addition to that, the historical facts given in this chapter are unique to the NDV only. Particularly, the link of the sacred frontal bone relic cannot be seen any other religious or historical record. And, the information about the war between King Goṭābhaya and ten brothers also exclusive to the NDV. Further, the information of the monasteries built by historical kings paying respect to the frontal bone relic is found the third chapter of the NDV only. So, it would appear that the third chapter can be considered to be an important historical source for related accounts on the Rohaṇa region in ancient Ceylon.

### Dhātuparamparākathā

1. Dhātusu pana vibhajitvā<sup>2</sup>  
dīyamānesu satthuno nalāṭadhātu<sup>3</sup>  
kosinārakānam<sup>4</sup> mallānam  
laddhakoṭṭhāseyeva ahosi.  
Mahākassapathero te  
upasaṅkamitvā satthuno  
nalāṭadhātu tumhākam kotṭhāse  
ahosi, tam gaheṭum āgato, bhagavā

<sup>2</sup> vibhajitvā Ne We Be] vibhajetvā

Cm

<sup>3</sup> nalāṭadhātu Ne We Be] nalāṭadhātu

Cm

<sup>4</sup> kosinārakānam Ne Be]  
kusinārakānam Cm We



hi dharamāneyeva  
 tambapaññidīpassa anujāni, ‘tasmā  
 tam amhākam dethā’ti. Tam sutvā  
 mallarājāno: ‘Evam patiganhatha  
 bhante dhātū’ti<sup>5</sup>  
 mahākassapatherassa adaṁsu. So  
 attano saddhivihārikam  
 mahānandattheram pakkosāpetvā  
 nalāṭadhātum therassa  
 niyyādetvā’[evamāha]<sup>6</sup> imam  
 dhātum tambapaññi dīpe  
 mahāvālukagaṅgaya<sup>7</sup>  
 dakkhinābhāge serunāma  
 daha[da]<sup>8</sup>ssa ante varāha<sup>9</sup> nāma  
 sonḍimatthake<sup>10</sup> kākavaṇṇatisso  
 nāma rājā patiṭhapessati,<sup>11</sup> cetiyam  
 saṅghārāmam kārāpessati, tvam  
 imam dhātum gahetvā vesāliyam  
 upanissāya mahāvanavihāre  
 kuṭāgarasālāyam satthunā<sup>12</sup>  
 vasitagandhakuṭiyam ṭhapetvā  
 dhātupūjam katvā āyusaṅkhāre  
 ossatthe<sup>13</sup> parinibbāpayamāne<sup>14</sup>  
 attano saddhivihārikassa  
 candaguttattherassa dhātuvamsam  
 kathetvā appamatto hohī’ti vatvā  
 dhātum therassa datvā

anupādisesanibbānadhadhātuyā  
 parinibbāyi.

Sāvako satthukappo so  
 pabhinnapaṭisambhido<sup>15</sup>

Gahetvā mānayī<sup>16</sup> dhātum  
 mahānando mahāvane. (1)

### 2. Tassa therassa

saddhivihāriko candaguttatthero  
 dhātum gahetvā ākāsam ugantvā  
 sāvatthiyam<sup>17</sup> jetavanamahāvihāre  
 dasabalena vasitagandhakuṭiyam  
 ṭhapetvā dhātupūjam katvā ciram  
 vihāsi. Sopi āyusaṅkhāre ossatthe<sup>18</sup>  
 parinibbāpayamāne<sup>19</sup> attano  
 saddhivihārikam  
 bhaddasenattheram pakkosāpetvā  
 dhātum therassa niyyādetvā  
 dhātuvamsam kathetvā anusāsitvā<sup>20</sup>  
 anupādisesāya nibbānadhadhātuyā  
 parinibbāyi.

Candagutto mahāpañño  
 chaṭabhiñño visārado

Ramme<sup>21</sup> jetavane dhātum  
 ṭhapetvā vandanaṁ akā. (2)

### 3. Tassa sисо

bhaddasenatthero dhātum gahetvā  
 ākāsenā gantvā  
 dhammacakkappavattane isipatane

<sup>5</sup> dhātū’ti Cm Ne] dhātu’ti We Be

<sup>6</sup> Cm We

<sup>7</sup> mahāvālukagaṅgaya Cm Ne Be]

mahāvālukāgaṅgaya We

<sup>8</sup> Cm

<sup>9</sup> varāha Ne We Be] varabhaya Cm

<sup>10</sup> sonḍimatthake Cm Ne Be]

sonḍikamatthake We

<sup>11</sup> patiṭhapessati Cm Ne We]

patiṭhāpessati Be

<sup>12</sup> satthunā Cm] satthuno Ne We Be

<sup>13</sup> ossatthe Ne We Be] osatthe Cm

<sup>14</sup> parinibbāpayamāno Ne We Be]

parinibbāyamāno Cm

<sup>15</sup> pabhinnapaṭisambhido Cm Ne

We] pabhīnnapaṭisambhido Be

<sup>16</sup> mānayī Ne We Be] mānaya Cm

<sup>17</sup> sāvatthiyam Cm Ne We]

sāvatthīyam Be

<sup>18</sup> ossatthe Ne We Be] osatthe Cm

<sup>19</sup> parinibbāpayamāne Ne We Be]

parinibbāyamāno Cm

<sup>20</sup> anusāsitvā Ne Be] anusāsetvā Cm

We

<sup>21</sup> ramme Ne We Be rame Cm



mahā vihāre satthuno  
vasitagandhakuṭiyam ṭhapetvā  
gandhamālādīhi pūjetvā ciram  
vihāsi. So parinibbāpayamāne<sup>18</sup>  
attano saddhivihārikassa  
jayasenattherassa dhātum  
niyyādetvā dhātuvamṣam kathetvā  
anupādisesāya nibbānadhātuyā  
parinibbāyi.

Bhaddaseno mahāthero  
katakicco mahā isi<sup>22</sup>

Dhātum ṭhapetvā<sup>23</sup>  
isipatane<sup>24</sup> vanditvā nibbutim gato.  
(3)

4. So pana jayasenatthero  
tam dhātum gahetvā  
veluvanamahāvihāre satthuno  
[nāthassa]<sup>25</sup> vasitagandhakuṭiyam  
ṭhapetvā gandhamālādīhi pūjetvā  
ciram vasitvā parinibbāpayamāne<sup>18</sup>  
attano saddhivihārikassa  
mahāsaṅgharakkhitattherassa<sup>26</sup>  
dhātum niyyādetvā dhātuvamṣam  
kathetvā anupādisesāya  
nibbānadhātuyā parinibbāyi.

Gahetvāna dhātuvaram  
jayaseno mahāmuni<sup>27</sup>

Nidhāya<sup>28</sup> veluvane ramme  
akā pūjam manoramam. (4)

<sup>22</sup> isi Ne Be] isī Cm We

<sup>23</sup> ṭhapetvā Ne We Be] gahetvā Cm

<sup>24</sup> This line exceeds the meter

<sup>25</sup> Cm

<sup>26</sup> mahāsaṅgharakkhitattherassa Ne  
We Be] mahāsaṅgharakkhitattherassa Cm

<sup>27</sup> mahāmuni Ne Be] jutī Cm We

<sup>28</sup> nidhāya Ne We Be] nīyate Cm

5. So panāyasmā  
saṅgharakkhitatthero<sup>29</sup> dhātum  
gahetvā ākāsenā āgantvā  
kosambim<sup>30</sup> upanissāya ghosita  
setṭhinā kārāpite ghositārāme  
bhagavato vasitagandhakuṭiyam  
ṭhapetvā gandhamālādīhi pūjam  
katvā ciram vihāsi. So’pi  
parinibbāpayamāne<sup>31</sup> attano  
saddhivihārikam mahādevattheram  
pakkosāpetvā dhātuvamṣam  
kathetvā appamatto hohī’ti vatvā  
anupādisesāya nibbānadhātuyā  
parinibbāyi.

Saṅgharakkhitavhayo thero  
cando viya supākaṭo

Ṭhapetvā<sup>33</sup> ghositārāme akā  
pūjam manoramam. (5)

6. Tassa therassa  
saddhivihāriko mahādevatthero<sup>34</sup>  
dhātum gahetvā  
devānampiyatissassa<sup>35</sup> mahārañño  
bhātu mahānāgassa uparājassa  
mahāgāme setacchattam<sup>36</sup>  
ussāpitakāle [hatthoṭṭha  
nāma]<sup>37</sup> janapade

<sup>29</sup> saṅgharakkhitatthero Ne We Be]  
saṅgharakkhitatthero Cm

<sup>30</sup> kosambim Ne Be] kosambiyam  
Cm We

<sup>31</sup> parinibbāpayamāno Ne We Be]  
parinibbāyamāno Cm

<sup>32</sup> parinibbāyi Ne We Be]  
parinibbāyissāmi Cm

<sup>33</sup> ṭhapetvā Ne We Be] ṭhapesi Cm

<sup>34</sup> mahādevatthero Ne We Be]  
mahādevathero Cm

<sup>35</sup> piyatissassa Ne Be] piyatissasso  
Cm We

<sup>36</sup> setacchattam Ne We Be] seta  
chattam Cm

<sup>37</sup> Ne



kukkutapabbatantare  
 mahāsālarukkhamūle ākāsato  
 otaritvā<sup>38</sup> nisīdi. Tasmiṁ samaye  
 mahākālo nāma upāsako attano  
 puttadārehi saddhiṁ  
 mālāgandhavilepanam<sup>39</sup>  
 dhajapatākādīni gāhāpetvā<sup>40</sup>  
 divasassa tikkhattum mahantehi  
 pūjāvidhānehi<sup>41</sup> dhātum pariharitvā  
 ciram vasi. Māsassa aṭṭha-  
 uposathadivase dhātuto  
 chabbaṇṇaramsiyo uggacchimsu.<sup>42</sup>  
 Tasmiṁ samaye so padeso  
 buddhassa<sup>43</sup> dharamānakālo viya  
 ahosi. Janapadavāsī manussāpi  
 therassa santike sīlāni gaṇhanti,  
 uposathavāsam vasanti, dānam  
 denti, cetiyassa mahantam pūjam  
 karonti.<sup>43</sup>

7. Tato aparabhāge uparājā  
 mahāgāme viharanto bherim  
 carāpesi: Yo amhākam dasabalassa  
 dhātum gahetvā idhāgato, tassa  
 mahantam sampattim dassāmīti.  
 Tasmiṁ kāle kuṭumbiko mahākālo  
 uparājam<sup>44</sup> passissāmīti tassa  
 anucchavikam paññākāram gahetvā  
 rājadvāre ṭhatvā<sup>45</sup> sāsanam pahiṇi.  
 Uparājā tam pakkosāpesi. So

gantvā vanditvā ṭhito tam  
 paññākāram rājapurisānam  
 paṭicchāpesi. Uparājā: ‘Mātula  
 mahākāla, tumhākam janapade  
 amhākam satthuno<sup>46</sup> dhātu atthī  
 [natthī]<sup>47</sup> ti āha. Mahākālo  
 uparājassa katham sutvā atthi deva,  
 mayham kulupakattherassa<sup>48</sup>  
 santike ādāsamanḍalappamāṇam  
 satthuno nalāṭadhātu  
 chabbaṇṇaramsihi ākāsappadese<sup>49</sup>  
 suriya<sup>50</sup> sahassacandasahassānam  
 utṭhitakālo<sup>51</sup> viya obhāseti. So  
 janapado buddhassa<sup>41</sup>  
 uppajjanakālo<sup>52</sup> viya ahosīti āha.  
 Tassa kuṭumbikassa katham  
 suṇantassa eva<sup>53</sup> rañño  
 sakalasarīram pañcavaṇṇaya pītiyā  
 paripuṇṇam<sup>54</sup> ahosi. Ativiya  
 somanassappatto rājā mayham  
 mātulassa mahākālassa  
 satasahassāni<sup>55</sup> kahāpaṇāni ca  
 catusindhavayuttarathañca  
 suvaṇṇālaṅkārehi susajjitam ekam

<sup>38</sup> otaritvā Ne We Be] otaretvā Cm

<sup>39</sup> mālāgandhavilepanam Cm Ne Be]

mālāgandhavilepana We

<sup>40</sup> pūjāvidhānehi Ne We Be]

pūjāvitānehi Cm

<sup>41</sup> uggacchimsu Ne Be]

upagacchimsu Cm We

<sup>42</sup> buddhassa Ne Be] buddhānam Cm

We

<sup>43</sup> karonti Cm Ne We] karontī Be

<sup>44</sup> uparājam Ne We Be] uparājā Cm

<sup>45</sup> ṭhatvā Ne Be] ṭhapetvā Cm We

<sup>46</sup> satthuno Ne We Be] gotamassa

Cm

<sup>47</sup> Cm We

<sup>48</sup> kulupakattherassa Cm]

kulupagattherassa Be Ne We

<sup>49</sup> ākāsappadese Ne We Be]

ākāsapadese Cm

<sup>50</sup> suriya Cm Ne We] sūriya Be

<sup>51</sup> utṭhitakālo Cm Ne Be]

upatṭhitakālo We

<sup>52</sup> uppajjana Cm] uppannakālo Ne

Be We

<sup>53</sup> suṇantasseva We Cm] suṇantassa

eva Ne Be

<sup>54</sup> paripuṇṇam Ne We Be paripuṇṇā

Cm

<sup>55</sup> satasahassam Ne We Be]

satasahassa Cm



assañca udakaphāsukaṭṭhānake<sup>56</sup>  
 khettañca pañcadāśīsatañca dethā'ti  
 vatvā aññañca pasādam [ca  
 dethāti]<sup>57</sup> dāpesi. So uparājā  
 ettakam kuṭumbikassa dāpetvā tam  
 divasameva nagare bherim  
 carāpetvā hatthassarathayānāni<sup>58</sup>  
 gahetvā kuṭumbikam  
 maggadesakam katvā anupubbena  
 hatthoṭṭhajanapadam<sup>59</sup> patvā  
 ramaṇyē bhūmippadese  
 khandhāvāram bandhitvā  
 amaccaganaparivuto kuṭumbikam  
 gahetvā therassa vasanaṭṭhānam  
 gantvā vanditvā ekamantam  
 atṭhāsi. Sesā amaccā kuṭumbiko ca  
 theram vanditvā ekamantam  
 atṭhamasu.<sup>60</sup> Uparājā theram  
 vanditvā sārāṇīyam katham katvā<sup>61</sup>  
 ekamantam nisinno  
 paṭisanthāramakāsi.  
 Mahādevattheropi<sup>62</sup>  
 sammodanīyam katham katvā<sup>60</sup>  
 kissa tvam mahārāja<sup>63</sup> idhāgatosi,  
 āgatakāraṇam me ārocehī'ti āha.  
 Bhante tumhākam santike  
 amhākam bhagavato  
 nalāṭadhātum<sup>64</sup> atthi<sup>65</sup> kira tam

<sup>56</sup> udakaphāsukaṭṭhānake Ne Be]  
 udakaphāsukaṭṭhānato Cm We  
<sup>57</sup> Cm We  
<sup>58</sup> hatthassarathayānāni Ne Be]  
 assatthirathayānāni Cm We  
<sup>59</sup> hatthoṭṭhajanapadam Ne We Be]  
 hatthojanapadam Cm  
<sup>60</sup> atṭhamasu Ne Be] atṭhāsi Cm We  
<sup>61</sup> katvā Ne Be] kathetvā Cm We  
<sup>62</sup> mahādevattheropi Ne We Be]  
 mahādevatheropi Cm  
<sup>63</sup> mahārāja Ne We Be] mahārājā  
 Cm  
<sup>64</sup> nalāṭadhātu Cm Ne We Be

vandissāmī'ti<sup>66</sup> āgatommī'ti āha.  
 Thero: Bhaddakaṭṭṭhānato mahā rāja tayā  
 katanti vatvā dhātugharadvāram<sup>67</sup>  
 vivaritvā<sup>68</sup> mahārāja buddhassa<sup>41</sup>  
 nalāṭadhātu atidullabhā'ti āha. Rājā  
 solasehi gandhodakehi nahāyitvā  
 sabbālaṅkārapatimāṇḍito ekaṁsam  
 uttarāsaṅgam karitvā<sup>69</sup> añjalim  
 paggayha namassamāno atṭhāsi.  
 Buddhārammanāya pītiyā  
 sakalasarīram phuṭam<sup>70</sup> ahosi.

(Rājā pītivegena imā gāthā<sup>71</sup>  
 āha

Namāmi vīra pāde te  
 cakkaṅkita tale subhe

Vandite naradevehi amatam  
 dehi<sup>72</sup> vandite. (6)

Lokanātha<sup>73</sup> tuvam eko  
 saraṇam sabbapāṇinam

Loke tayā samo natthi  
 tārehi<sup>74</sup> janatam bahum. (7)

Mahaṇṇave mayam bhante  
 nimuggā dīghasambhave

<sup>65</sup> atthi Cm Ne We] atthī Be

<sup>66</sup> vandissāmī'ti Cm Ne We]

vandissāmī'ti Be

<sup>67</sup> dhātugharadvāram Ne We Be]

dhātugharām dvāram Cm

<sup>68</sup> vivaritvā Cm Ne Be] vivaretvā We

<sup>69</sup> karitvā Ne We Be] akaritvā Cm

<sup>70</sup> phuṭam Ne We Be] phuṭṭhā Cm

<sup>71</sup> imā gāthā Ne Be] imam

gāthamāha Cm We

<sup>72</sup> amatam dehi Ne Be] āmatantehi

Cm We

<sup>73</sup> lokanātha Ne Be] lokanātho Cm

We

<sup>74</sup> tārehi Ne We Be] thārehi Cm



Apattanā<sup>75</sup> appatiṭṭhā<sup>76</sup>  
saṃsarāma ciram tahiṁ. (8)

Etarahi tumhe āpajja  
patiṭṭham adhigacchare

Tumhākam vandanaṁ katvā<sup>77</sup>  
uttiṇṇamha<sup>77</sup> bhavaṇṇavā’ti.)<sup>\*</sup> (9)

8. Tasmīm khaṇe dhātuto  
rasiyo nikkhamiṁsu. Sakala  
laṅkādīpaṁ suvaṇṇarasadhārāhi  
sañchannam viya ahosi. Mahantam  
pītisomanassam uppajji. Rājā  
mahantam somanassam patto hutvā<sup>78</sup>  
haṭṭhatuṭṭho ahosi. So dhātugharato  
nikkhamitvā therena saddhim  
alaṅkatamaṇḍape ekamantam  
nisīdi. Ekamantam nisinno  
(nisajjādose vajjetvā  
seyyathīdam<sup>78</sup> Atidūraccāsanna<sup>79</sup> -  
uparivāta-unnatappadesa-  
atisammukha-atipacachā’ti.  
Atidūre nisinno [hi]<sup>80</sup> sace  
kathetukāmo uccāsaddena  
kathetabbam hoti. Accāsanne  
nisinno saṅkaram karoti. Uparivāte  
nisinno sarīragandho vāyati.  
Unnatappadese nisinno agāravam  
karoti. Atisammukhe nisinno  
cakkhunā cakkhum paharitvā

<sup>75</sup> appattanā Cm We] appatissā Ne  
Be

<sup>76</sup> appatiṭṭhā Cm Ne Be apatiṭṭhā We  
<sup>77</sup> uttiṇṇamha Cm Ne Be] otinnamha

We  
\* These stanzas are not coming in  
Sinhala Dhāuvamsa

<sup>78</sup> seyyathīdam Ne We] seyyathīdam  
Be

<sup>79</sup> atiduraccāsanna Cm Ne We]  
atiduraccāsanta Be  
<sup>80</sup> We

daṭṭhabbam hoti. Atipacchā nisinno  
gīvaṁ<sup>81</sup> parivattetvā daṭṭhabbam  
hoti. Iti nisajjadosam<sup>82</sup> vajjetvā  
nisinno).\* Evamāha. Bhante imam  
dhātum mayham detha. Mahantam  
pūjāsakkāram<sup>83</sup> katvā pariharāmīti.  
Bhaddakam mahārāja imāya  
dhātuyā sammāsambuddho  
dharamāneyeva<sup>84</sup> vyākaraṇam  
akāsi. Tumhākam vamse jāto  
kākavaṇṇatisso nāma rājā imasmiṁ  
dīpe mahāvālukagaṅgāya  
dakkhiṇatīre seru nāma dahassa<sup>85</sup>  
ante varāha<sup>8</sup> nāma sonḍiyā  
matthake patiṭṭhapetvā mahantam  
thūpam karissati’ti vatvā satthā

<sup>81</sup> gīvaṁ Ne We Be] gītam Cm  
<sup>82</sup> nisajjadosam Cm] nisajjādosam

Ne We Be

\* Comp. Cha nisajjādose vajjetvā.  
Seyyathīdam –atidūram, accāsannam,  
uparivātaṁ, unnatappadesam,  
atisammukham, atipacchāti. Atidūre nisinno  
hi sace kathetukāmo hoti, uccāsaddena  
kathetabbam hoti. Accāsanne nisinno  
saṅghatānam karoti. Uparivāte nisinno  
sarīragandhena bādhati. Unnatappadese  
nisinno agāravam pakāseti. Atisammukhā  
nisinno sace daṭṭhukāmo hoti, cakkhunā  
cakkhum āhacca daṭṭhabbam hoti.  
Atipacchā nisinno sace daṭṭhukāmo hoti,  
gīvaṁ parivattetvā daṭṭhabbam hoti T. W.  
Rhys Davids and J. E. Carpenter  
*Dīghanikāya*. ed.vols. II. (London: Pali  
Text Society 1966), 484. /Not found in  
SDV

<sup>83</sup> pūjāsakkāram Cm We]  
pūjāsakkāram Ne Be

<sup>84</sup> dharamāneyeva Cm We]  
dharamāneyeva Ne Be

<sup>85</sup> dahassa Ne We Be] daha dassa  
Cm



tattha samādhiṃ<sup>86</sup> samāpajjītvā  
pañcasatakhīṇāsavehi saddhiṃ<sup>87</sup>  
tikkhattum padakkhiṇam katvā  
gato. Tasmā gaṇhatha mahārājā’ti  
vatvā dhātum adāsi.

9. Rājā dhātum gahetvā<sup>88</sup>  
caturassa<sup>89</sup> pallaṅke  
dhātukaraṇḍakam nidahitvā<sup>90</sup>  
karaṇḍake dhātum patiṭṭhapetvā<sup>88</sup>  
tam<sup>91</sup>  
kumudapattasannibha<sup>89</sup> maṅgalasin  
dhavayuttarathe ṭhapetvā samantā<sup>92</sup>  
ārakkham samvidahitvā [rājā  
dhātum gahetvā]<sup>\*</sup>  
pañcapagganāhāpayamāno pac  
ñgaturiye chā āgacchatū’ti<sup>90</sup>  
mahājanassa sāsanam vatvā<sup>93</sup>  
mahādevattherassa santikam  
gantvā: Tumhe bhante, dhātuyā<sup>94</sup>  
upaṭṭhānam karonto<sup>91</sup> āgacchathā’ti<sup>95</sup>  
āha. Thero tassa katham sutvā:  
'mahārāja ayam dhātu paramparā<sup>96</sup>  
āgatā. Aham bhagavato  
dhammabhaṇḍāgārika ānandatthero  
viya imam dhātum pariharissāmī’ti  
vatvā attano paccayadāyakam<sup>92</sup>  
kuṭumbikam āpucchitvā<sup>97</sup>  
pattacīvaramādāya dhātum

---

<sup>86</sup> samādhiṃ Cm We] samāpattiṃ Ne Be  
<sup>87</sup> caturassa Ne Be] catusā Cm We  
<sup>88</sup> patiṭṭhapetvā We Cm]  
patiṭṭhapetvā Ne Be  
<sup>89</sup> kumudapattasannibha Cm Ne]  
kumudapattasanniha Be  
kumudapattasannivesa We  
\* This is an additional phrase Ne Be  
<sup>90</sup> āgacchantū’ti Cm Ne We  
āgacchatū’ti Be  
<sup>91</sup> karonto Ne We Be] karontā Cm  
<sup>92</sup> paccayadāyakam Ne We Be]  
paccayam dāyakam Cm

upaṭṭhahiyamāno pacchato  
pacchato gacchati. Rājā dhātum  
gahetvā anupubbena mahāgāmam  
patto mahāsenaguttam  
pakkosāpetvā nagaram  
alaṅkārāpehī’ti<sup>93</sup> āha. So nagare  
bherim carāpetvā aṭṭhārasa vīthiyo  
sammajjantu, puṇṇaghaṭe<sup>94</sup>  
ṭhapentu, dhajapatākādayo  
ussāpentu, toraṇāni<sup>95</sup> ussāpentu,  
pañcavāṇṇāni pupphāni okirantu,  
sakalanagaram alaṅkarontu,  
gandhamālādayo gahetvā  
suṭṭhuttarsaṅgā<sup>96</sup> hutvā  
sakalanāgarā<sup>97</sup> paṭipatham  
āgacchantūti<sup>98</sup> āñāpesi. Tato  
mahājano sabbatūriyāni<sup>99</sup>  
ghosāpayamāno  
gandhamālādihattho<sup>100</sup> paṭipatham  
nikkhanto devamanussā  
bhikkhubhikkhuniyo upāsaka-  
upāsikā appamāṇā ahesum.  
[mahājano sabba tūriyāni  
(Gandhamālādi  
puṇṇaghaṭasamussitatadhajākiṇṇā)<sup>101</sup>  
] <sup>102</sup> parisā velukkhepasahassāni  
pavattayimsu.

<sup>93</sup> alaṅkārāpehī Cm We]  
alaṅkarāpehī Ne Be

<sup>94</sup> punnaghaṭhe Ne Be]  
puṇṇaghaṭham Cm We

<sup>95</sup> toraṇāni Ne Be] toraṇam Cm We  
<sup>96</sup> suṭṭhuttarsaṅgā Cm]  
suddhuttarāsaṅgā Ne We Be

<sup>97</sup> sakalanāgarā Ne Be] sakalanagarā Cm We

<sup>98</sup> āgacchantūti Ne We Be]  
āgacchantuti Be

<sup>99</sup> tūriyāni We] turiyāni Cm Ne Be  
<sup>100</sup> gandhamālādihatthā Cm We

gandhamālādihatthā Cm We  
<sup>101</sup> Ne Be We

<sup>102</sup> Cm



Sugandhavātābhīghāta<sup>103</sup> samuddag  
hoso viya sakalanagaram  
ekaninnādajātaṁ. So rājā nagare  
bandhanāgāre sabbasatte bandhanā  
muñcetvā,<sup>104</sup> dhammena samena  
anusāsantūti<sup>105</sup> vatvā dhātum  
gahetvā attano nagaram pavesetvā  
attano rājanivesanam āgantvā  
nāṭakānam<sup>106</sup> saññamadāsi dhātum  
vendantūti.<sup>107</sup> Nāṭakā<sup>108</sup>  
nānābharaṇehi patimañḍitā  
rājagehato nikkhmitvā dhātum  
vanditvā attano attano hatthagatāni  
turiyabhaṇḍāni sādhukam  
pagganhitvā mahantam  
pūjamakamṣu.

10. Tato vaḍḍhakīm<sup>109</sup>  
pakkosāpetvā rājanivesanato  
nātidūre nāccāsanne<sup>110</sup>  
subhūmitale<sup>111</sup> dhātugharam  
kārāpetvā  
mālākammalatākammādīnī<sup>112</sup>

<sup>103</sup> sugandhavātābhīghāta Ne We Be]  
sugandhavātābhīghāta Cm  
<sup>104</sup> muñcetvā Cm] muñcantu Ne Be  
We  
<sup>105</sup> anusāsantūti Cm Ne Be]  
anusāsantuti Be  
<sup>106</sup> nāṭakānam Cm We] nāṭakīnam  
Ne Be  
<sup>107</sup> vendantūti Cm Ne We] vendantuti  
Be  
<sup>108</sup> nāṭakā Cm We] nāṭakī Ne Be  
<sup>109</sup> vaḍḍhakī Cm We] vaḍḍhakī Ne  
Be  
<sup>110</sup> nāccāsanne Cm Ne We]  
nāccāsante Be  
<sup>111</sup> subhūmitale Cm Ne We]  
subhumitale Be  
<sup>112</sup> mālākammalatākammādīnī We]  
mālākammalatākammādī Cm  
mālākammalatākammādīm Ne Be

patiṭṭhapetvā<sup>113</sup> dhātughare  
vicittamañḍapam kārāpetvāna  
sattaratanamayaṁ  
dhātukaraṇḍakam kārāpetvā  
dhātukaraṇḍake dhātum ṭhapetvā  
ratana pallaṅkamatthake dhātum  
ṭhapetvā upari vicittavitānam  
bandhitvā<sup>114</sup> sāṇiyā  
parikkhipāpetvā mahantena  
parivārena mahantaṁ dhātupūjām  
akāsi. Mahājanā gandhamālam  
gahetvā māsassa  
atṭhūposathadivase dhātuyā<sup>115</sup>  
mahantaṁ pūjām akamṣu. Dhātuto  
raṇsiyo samuggacchanti.  
Mahājanā vimhayajātā<sup>116</sup>  
sādhukāram karonti.  
Somanassabhūtā  
sakalanagaravāsino  
buddhārammaṇa pīti<sup>117</sup> gahetvā  
divase divase dhātuyā<sup>114</sup> mahantaṁ  
pūjām karontā<sup>118</sup> vītināmenti.  
Pañcasīlāni rakkhanti,  
buddhamāmakā  
[dhammamāmakā]<sup>119</sup>  
saṅghamāmakā hutvā saraṇāni  
gacchanti. Rājā mahājanassa  
ovadati.<sup>120</sup> “Mettām bhāvetha,  
karuṇām muditaṁ upekkham

<sup>113</sup> patiṭṭhapetvā Ne Cm]  
patiṭṭhapetvā Be We

<sup>114</sup> bandhitvā Ne Be] bandhetvā Cm

We  
<sup>115</sup> dhātuyā Ne Be] dhātum Cm We

<sup>116</sup> vimhayajātā Cm] vimbhayajātā

Ne Be vismayajātā We

<sup>117</sup> buddhārammaṇa pīti Ne Be]

buddhārammaṇam pīti Cm We

<sup>118</sup> karontā Ne Be] karonto Cm We

<sup>119</sup> omit Cm

<sup>120</sup> ovadati Ne We Be] ovadeti Cm



bhāvetha, [dānam detha sīlam  
rakkhatha uposatham<sup>121</sup> vasatha,  
mātā pitunam<sup>122</sup> upatthānam]\* kule  
jetthāpacāyanakammaṁ karothā”ti.  
Ovaditvā<sup>123</sup> bhikkhusaṅghassapi  
cattāro paccaye gaṅgāya  
mahoghappavattanakālo viya  
mahādānam pavattesi.  
Mātāpitutthāne ṭhatvā<sup>124</sup>  
bhikkhusaṅgham saṅgaṇhi.  
Mahājanā tassa ovāde ṭhatvā<sup>125</sup>  
dānādīni puññāni katvā<sup>126</sup>  
yebhuyyena tasmiṁ kāle matā  
saggam gata.

Kalyāṇamaggamhi<sup>125</sup>  
patiṭṭhitā janā  
Dānādi<sup>126</sup> puññāni karitva<sup>127</sup>  
sabbadā  
Ito<sup>128</sup> cutā sabbajanā  
sumānasā  
Gatā<sup>129</sup> asesam sugatim  
subhe ratā.<sup>130</sup> (10)

11. Rājā dhātuyā mahantam  
pūjaṁ karonto mahagāme vihāsi.  
Tena patiṭṭhāpitavihārā kathetabbā:  
Katham? Lenavihāram

canda<sup>131</sup> girivihāram  
koṭipabbatavihāram  
tarāṅgaṇavihāram<sup>132</sup> selakā  
vihāram talākāvihāranti<sup>133</sup>  
evamādayo vihāraṭṭhāni<sup>134</sup>  
patiṭṭhapetvā<sup>87</sup> tipiṭakamahā  
ariṭṭhattherassa dakkhiṇodakam  
datvā<sup>135</sup> mahāvihāre niyyādesi.  
Evam so rājā yāvajīvam dhātum  
pariharitvā pacchime kāle  
maranamañce nipanno attano  
puttam yaṭālatissa kumāram  
pakkosāpetvā; tāta tissa, amhehi  
pariharita nalāṭadhātum<sup>136</sup> pūjehi’ti  
dhātuvam̄sam kathetvā puttam  
anusāsetvā<sup>137</sup> kālam katvā<sup>138</sup>  
saggapuram [pūrayamāno]<sup>138</sup> gato.

Rājā mahānāmavaro<sup>139</sup>  
yasassi<sup>140</sup>

Katvāpi rajjam matimā  
susaddho

Mānetva<sup>141</sup> saṅgham  
catupaccayehi

<sup>131</sup> canda Ne Be] sanda Cm We

<sup>132</sup> tarāṅgaṇavihāram Cm]

ratanavihāram We nagaraṅgaṇavihāram Ne  
Be

<sup>133</sup> talākāvihāranti Cm We] selakā  
vihāram Ne Be

<sup>134</sup> vihāraṭṭhāni Cm We] vihāre Ne  
Be

<sup>135</sup> datvā Cm Ne Be] katvā We

<sup>136</sup> nalāṭadhātum Ne Cm]

nalāṭadhātu Be nalāṭadhātuyā We

<sup>137</sup> anusāsetvā Cm We] anusāsitvā  
Ne Be

<sup>138</sup> Cm We

<sup>139</sup> mahānāgavaro Cm Ne We Be

<sup>140</sup> yasassi Cm Ne We] yasassi Be

<sup>141</sup> mānetva Ne Be Cm mānettha Cm

We  
<sup>121</sup> uposatham We] uposatha Cm  
<sup>122</sup> pitūnam Cm We pitunam Ne Be  
\* Cm We  
<sup>123</sup> ovaditvā Ne Be] ovadetvā Cm  
We  
<sup>124</sup> saṅgaṇhi Ne We Be] ganhi Cm  
<sup>125</sup> maggamhi Cm We] vaggamhi Ne  
Be  
<sup>126</sup> dānādi Ne We Be] dānāni Cm  
<sup>127</sup> karitva Ne Be] karonti Cm We  
<sup>128</sup> cutā Cm Ne We Be  
<sup>129</sup> gatā Ne We Be] agatā Cm  
<sup>130</sup> subhe ratā We Ne Be] puram  
satthā Cm



Agā asoko varadevalokam.<sup>142</sup>  
(11)

12. Tassa putto  
yaṭṭalatissakumāro<sup>143</sup> pitu accayena  
pitarā vuttaniyāmeneva dhātuyā  
mahantam pūjam kāresi. So’pi  
divasassa tayo vāre  
dhātūpaṭṭhānam<sup>144</sup> karonto rajjam  
kāretvā ciram vihāsi. Iminā’pi  
patiṭṭhāpitavihārā kathetabbā:  
dhammasālavihāram  
mahādhammasālavihāram  
selābhayavihāranti evamādayo  
patiṭṭhāpetvā tipiṭakamahā-  
ariṭṭhattherassa saddhivihāriko  
tipiṭakamahā-abhayatthero  
uparājassa mahānāgassa ayyako.  
Tassa therassa dakkhiṇodakam  
[datvā]<sup>145</sup> adāsi. So’pi rājā  
yāvajīvam dhātum pariharitvā  
pacchime kāle maraṇamañce  
nipanno attano puttam  
goṭhābhaya<sup>146</sup> kumāram  
pakkosāpetvā dhātuyā mahantam  
pūjam [karonto]<sup>147</sup> appamatto  
hohī’ti vatvā dhātuvamṣam  
[tatheva]<sup>148</sup> kathetvā kālam katvā  
sagge<sup>149</sup> nibbatti.

<sup>142</sup> varadevalokam Ne Be] paridevalokam Cm We

<sup>143</sup> yaṭṭalatissakumāro Ne We Be]  
yaṭṭalāyaka kumāro Cm

<sup>144</sup> dhātūpaṭṭhānam Cm Ne We]  
dhātupatṭhānam Be

<sup>145</sup> datvā Cm Ne Be] katvā We  
goṭhābhaya Ne We Be]

goṭhābhaya Cm

<sup>147</sup> omit Cm

<sup>148</sup> Cm

<sup>149</sup> sagge Ne Be We] sabbe Cm

Yaṭṭhālako<sup>150</sup> nāma  
mahāmahīpati

Mahājanassa<sup>151</sup> tthakaro  
guṇālayo

So dhātupūjam vipulam  
anekajam<sup>152</sup>

Katvā gato devapuram  
anindito. (12)

13. Tassa putto  
goṭhābhayakumāro pitu accayena  
pitarā vuttaniyāmeneva dhātuyā  
mahantam pūjam katvā goṭhābhaya  
mahārājā [hutvā]<sup>153</sup> rajjam karonto  
mahāgāme<sup>154</sup> dasabhātike<sup>155</sup>  
ghātētvā daṇḍakammathāya  
goṭhābhayamahātherassa  
hatthoṭṭhajanapade vasantassa  
mattikalenavihāram khīrasāla  
vihāram nāgamahāvihāram  
kumbha<sup>156</sup> selavihāram  
cetiyapabbatavihāram  
sānupabbatavihāram kanikāra<sup>157</sup>  
selavihāram ambasela<sup>158</sup> vihāram

<sup>150</sup> yaṭṭhālako Ne Be] yaṭṭalako We  
yaṭṭalāyako Cm [yaṭṭalatisso Thūp]

<sup>151</sup> mahājanassa Ne We Be]  
mahākarassa Cm

<sup>152</sup> anekajam Cm] anekadhā Ne We  
Be

<sup>153</sup> omit Cm  
<sup>154</sup> mahāgāme Cm We] kācaragāme

Ne Be  
<sup>155</sup> dasabhātike rājāno Ne Be]  
dasabhātikām Cm We

<sup>156</sup> kumbha Ne Be] gumbha Cm We  
<sup>157</sup> kanikāra Ne Be] kaṇikāra We

Cm  
<sup>158</sup> seccakalla Cm We] ambasela Ne

Be



tindukalena<sup>159</sup> vihāram  
 karaṇḍakavihāram  
 godhasālavihāram  
 vālukatitthavihāranti evamādayo  
 gaṅgāya paratīre pañcasatavihāre  
 orimatīre pañcasatavihāre cā'ti  
 vihārasahassam̄<sup>160</sup> katvā<sup>161</sup>  
 [goṭābhaya mahārājā]<sup>162</sup> attano  
 sadisanāmassa goṭābhayattherassa  
 dakkhiṇodakaṁ datvā adāsi. So  
 yāvajīvam̄ dhātupūjam̄ katvā  
 pacchime kāle maraṇamañce  
 nipanno attano puttam̄  
 kākavaṇṇatissa kumāram̄  
 pakkosāpetvā āliṅgitvā; tāta tissa,  
 ayaṁ nalāṭadhātu amhākaṁ  
 paramparāya āgatā. Tvaṁ kira  
 dhātum̄ gahetvā mahāgaṅgāya  
 passe seru nāma dahassa<sup>163</sup> ante  
 varāha<sup>8</sup> nāma soṇḍiyā matthake  
 patiṭṭhāpetvā saṅghārāmam̄  
 kārāpessasī'ti satthā jīvamāno  
 vyākaranamakāsi. Tasmā tvaṁ  
 imam̄ dhātum̄ gahetvā  
 mamaccayena tasmīm̄ ṭhāne  
 patiṭṭhāpehī'ti puttam̄ anusāsitvā  
 kālakiriyam̄ katvā sagge nibbatti.

Goṭābhayo nāma  
 mahāpatissaro

Mahājane tosayi appamatto

So dhātupūjam̄ vipulam̄  
 karitvā  
 Agā asoko varadevalokam̄.<sup>164</sup>  
 (13)

Mahānando mahāpañño  
 candagutto bahussuto

Bhaddaseno mahāthero  
 bhaddadhamme visārado. (14)

Jayaseno ca so vīro thero so  
 saṅgharakkhito

Devatthero ca medhāvī  
 rakkhitā<sup>165</sup> dhātu bhaddakā. (15)

Uparājā mahānāgo yaṭhālako  
 mahābalo

Goṭābhayo mahāpuñño  
 kākavaṇṇo ca viriyavā.<sup>166</sup> (16)

Ete therā ca rājāno  
 puññavantā<sup>167</sup> sumānasā

Dhātu paramparānītā dhātā  
 dhātusukovidā. (17)

Kassapādīnatherānam̄  
 paramparāyamāgatā

Mahānāgādi hatthato yāva  
 tissamupāgatā. (18)

Iti ariyajanappasādanatthāya  
 kate dhātuvam̄se

Dhātuparamparā [bhato]<sup>168</sup>  
 kathā nāma Tatiyo paricchedo.

<sup>159</sup> tindukalena Ne Be] tindukasena  
 Cm tiṇḍakalena We

<sup>160</sup> vihārasahassam̄ Ne Be]  
 vihārasahassa Cm We  
<sup>161</sup> katvā We Cm] kāretvā Ne Be  
<sup>162</sup> Cm We  
<sup>163</sup> dahassa Ne We Be] daha dahassa  
 Cm

<sup>164</sup> varadevalokam̄ Ne Be] parideva  
 lokam̄ Cm We

<sup>165</sup> rakkhitā Cm] rakkhakā Ne Be We

<sup>166</sup> viriyavā Cm Ne We] vīriyavā Be

<sup>167</sup> puññavantā Cm We] puññavanto  
 Ne Be  
<sup>168</sup> Cm

**Abbreviations**

Ne	Nandarathana edition	Thūp	Thūpavamsa
We	Wijerathne edition	D	Dīgha-nikāya
Be	Burmese edition	SDV	Sinhala Dhātuvamsa
Cm	Colombo Museum (palm leaf manuscript)	Comp	Compare

**References**

- Chatthasangayana, *Dhātuvamsa*. ed. Vipassana Research Institute, 1995.
- Thūpavamsa*, ed. Vipassana Research Institute, 1995.
- Nandaratana, K. *Dhatuvamso*, ed. (Sinh). Colombo 07: Smskruthika Prakashana Samagama, 1984.
- Rhys Davids, T. W. and Carpenter, J. E. *Dīghanikāya atthakathā (Sumāngalavilāsini)*. ed.vols. II. London: Pali Text Society, 1966.
- Wijerathne, W. *Sinhala Dhātuvamsaya*, ed. Colombo 10: S. Godage saha Sahodarayo 2012.

